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## 2006 Decisions

## Opinions of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

10-19-2006

# Stevens v. Lindsay

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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT

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NO. 06-2547

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LUVOYDA A. STEVENS,

Appellant

v.

CAMERON LINDSAY, Warden

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On Appeal From the United States District Court  
For the Middle District of Pennsylvania  
(D.C. Civ. No. 06-CV-00831)  
District Judge: Honorable A. Richard Caputo

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Submitted For Possible Summary Action  
Under Third Circuit LAR 27.4 and I.O.P. 10.6  
September 28, 2006

BEFORE: SLOVITER, McKEE and FISHER, CIRCUIT JUDGES

(Filed: October 19, 2006)

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OPINION

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## PER CURIAM

Luvoyda Stevens appeals from an order of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania (“Middle District”), which dismissed his habeas petition he filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241. For the reasons that follow, we will affirm.

Stevens was convicted of two counts in a twenty-nine count indictment in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey (“trial court”) following a guilty plea, and was sentenced to 210 months on Count One and 120 months on Count Twenty-Eight to run concurrently. Stevens did not file a direct appeal. He filed a motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 in the trial court in February 2005, which was dismissed as time-barred.

In April 2006, Stevens filed the instant § 2241 petition in the Middle District, challenging his judgment of conviction and sentence, because he believed Count One was dismissed at his sentencing. He argued that § 2255 is inadequate and ineffective, because he did not learn that Count One was dismissed until he received his sentencing transcript. The District Court dismissed the petition, finding that whether Stevens had attempted to file a second or successive § 2255 motion and been denied, or whether he was assuming he would be unable to file a second or successive motion, § 2255 was not inadequate or ineffective simply because Stevens could not meet the statute’s gate-keeping requirements.

We agree with the District Court that Stevens cannot proceed under § 2241 but must instead use § 2255. Section 2241 may be substituted for § 2255 only in exceptional

circumstances such as those faced by the petitioner in In re Dorsainvil, 119 F.3d 245 (3d Cir. 1997), who “was in the ‘unusual position’ of a prisoner with no prior opportunity to challenge his conviction for a crime that an intervening change in substantive law could negate with retroactive application.” Okereke v. United States, 307 F.3d 117, 120 (3d Cir. 2002). Stevens, by contrast, does not maintain that the actions for which he was convicted have since been decriminalized. Moreover, he could have raised his claims on direct appeal or in a timely § 2255 motion. Because a § 2255 motion must be filed in the sentencing court, and because Stevens filed his § 2241 petition in a court that did not sentence him, the District Court correctly dismissed his petition without prejudice for lack of jurisdiction. After considering Appellee’s motion for summary affirmance and Stevens’ opposition thereto, we find that the appeal does not present a substantial issue and we grant the appellee’s motion for summary affirmance.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>Stevens’ motion for appointment of counsel is denied as moot.